# Integrated, Innovative, Inquiry-based Immersion

Presented by Cherice Montgomery, Emily Overvliet, Lily Bueno

### **KEY CONCEPTS:** How can I make class time feel more like recess?

- 1) Contextualize and enhance input to improve learners' comprehension and uptake.
- 2) **Concretize** tasks to strengthen learners' *critical thinking* about abstract academic content.
- 3) **Counterbalance** instruction to support <u>correct and creative</u> language production.

#### **PLAYING WITH LANGUAGE & CONTENT**

# During recess, when and where do learners "play" with ...?

# Interpretive

Input:

Culturally authentic materials that learners read, listen to, or view to obtain information or perspectives

# Interpersonal

**Interaction:** Social opportunities to move and talk in order to make sense of TL input

#### **Presentational**

Output:

Creative products created by learners in the TL that required them to integrate language and content to share ideas, opinions, or learning with others

### PLANNING A "PLAYGROUND"

# How do I plan an integrated, innovative, inquiry-based lesson?

- 1) Woodchips: Pick ONE CONCEPT you have to teach from an academic content area:
- 2) **Bridge:** Identify a related **CONTEXT** that learners experience in their daily lives:
- 3) Slide: Choose CULTURALLY AUTHENTIC TEXTS to introduce the concept.
- 4) **Swing: ENHANCE THE INPUT** to improve learners' comprehension.
- 5) Sandbox: What METACOGNITIVE ACTIVITIES will you use to invite learners to uncover the language and content?
- 6) Merry-go-round: Which HANDS-ON, MINDS-**ON ACTIVITIES** will invite learners to critically explore and discuss the language and content?
- 7) **Teeter-totter:** How will you use **COUNTERBALANCED** activities to develop both proficiency and accuracy?
- 8) Monkey bars: How will you embed step-bystep **SCAFFOLDING** to help learners progress?

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### **EQUIPPING THE PLAYGROUND WITH COUNTERBALANCE:**

How do I counterbalance a lesson?

- 1) **Noticing:** Use visual cues to draw learners' attention to a language pattern.
- 2) Awareness: Help learners discover the rule behind the pattern.
- 3) Guided Practice: Give learners controlled, but meaningful practice with the pattern.
- 4) Communicative Practice: Ask learners to use the pattern in a meaningful context in open-ended ways.
- 5) Corrective Feedback:
  - Cue the learner that there's a problem.
  - Wait for the learner to try again.
  - If the learner can't fix the mistake, give two options.



# POST PLAYGROUND RULES: How do I conduct effective pair-share activities?

- 1) Establish clear routines and procedures using the modeling cycle: I do, we do, you do, we all do.
- 2) Give clear instructions for partnering, moving, discussing, and sharing answers.
  - Switch partners.
  - Listen to the prompt.
  - Talk to your partner. [A: Ask.... B: Answer....]
  - Share to the group.

	Yes	No
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SURVEY FOR SAFETY: How counterbalancea is your lesson?			INO
1)	<b>Noticing:</b> Do learners read culturally authentic texts and explore features of		
	the target language and academic content within that meaningful <b>CONTEXT</b> ?		
2)	Awareness: Do learners engage in CONCRETE, hands-on activities during		
	which they discover language patterns and articulate related rules?		
3)	Guided Practice: Do learners use targeted language patterns to think		
	CRITICALLY about academic content?		
4)	Communicative Practice: Do learners CREATE content-related ideas in TL?		
5)	Corrective Feedback: Do learners give & receive CORRECTIVE FEEDBACK?		